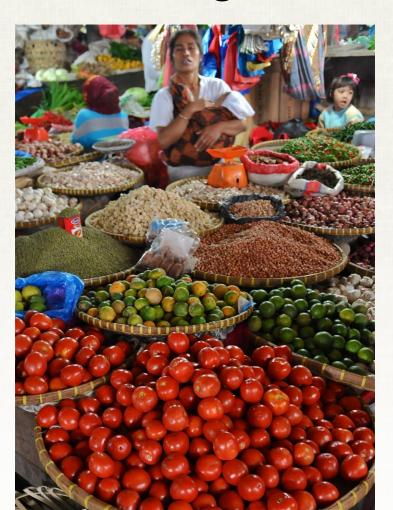


USAID Asia Agriculture Program

SEAVEG September 8, 2016



Photo credit: USAID RATE project





CONTRIBUTING TO IMPACT AROUND THE WORLD

KENYA

CAMBODIA



BANGLADESH

ETHIOPIA



HONDURAS



UGANDA

MORE THAN 25% REDUCTION IN CHILDHOOD STUDING

in the areas of the former Eastern and Nyanza provinces, where Feed the Future programs have been concentrated, from 2009 to 2014. 21%
REDUCTION
IN CHILDHOOD
STUNTING

from 2010 to 2014 in the Feed the Future zone of influence. ² 16%

in areas where Feed the Future works between 2011 to 2014³, and a 14.4% reduction in childhood stunting from 2011 to 2014 across the two major regions where Feed the Future programs are concentrated. 4 9%
REDUCTION
IN CHILDHOOD
STUNTING

nationally between 2011 and 2014. ³ 55% INCREASE IN BENEFICIARY INCOMES

between 2012 and 2014. Incomes for extremely poor families – approximately 125,000 people – nearly doubled, from an average of \$0.62 to \$1.21 per person per day. ⁴ 33%
REDUCTION
IN CHILDHOOD
STUNTING

GHANA

nationally between 2008 and 2014. 7 16% DECREASE IN POVERTY IN RURAL AREAS

including where Feed the Future works, between 2009-2010 to 2012-2013. Pational poverty levels also declined from 24.5% in 2009-2010 to 19.7% in 2012-2013. Pations

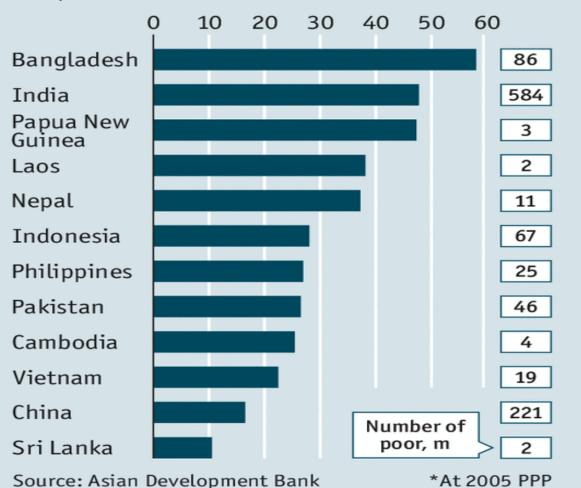


FEED THE FUTURE IN ASIA					
COUNTRY	THE NEED			FEED THE FUTURE PROGRESS	
	POVERTY	STUNTING	ZOI POPULATION	FEED THE FUTURE VALUE CHAINS	FY14 HIGHLIGHT
BANGLADESH	40.5%	37.1%	27.4 million	Rice, horticulture, fisheries/ aquaculture	1.97 million farmers and other producers applying new technologies and management practices
CAMBODIA	11.7%	43.95%	3.2 million	Rice, horticulture, fisheries/ aquaculture	US\$2.27 million in new private sector investment in the agriculture sector leveraged by Feed the Future
NEPAL	32.5%	45.2%	6.8 million	Vegetables, cereals (maize and rice), pulses (lentils), and livestock	US\$3.89 million in new agricultural sales





Population living below \$1.51* per day 2010, % of total



"267 Million people in Asia could be lifted out of poverty if farmers adopted existing technologies" Mckinsey

Graph source- The Economist



Regional Approach

- Dynamic region with great variation
- Strong regional growth and tech development
- Excitement about agricultural market and technology

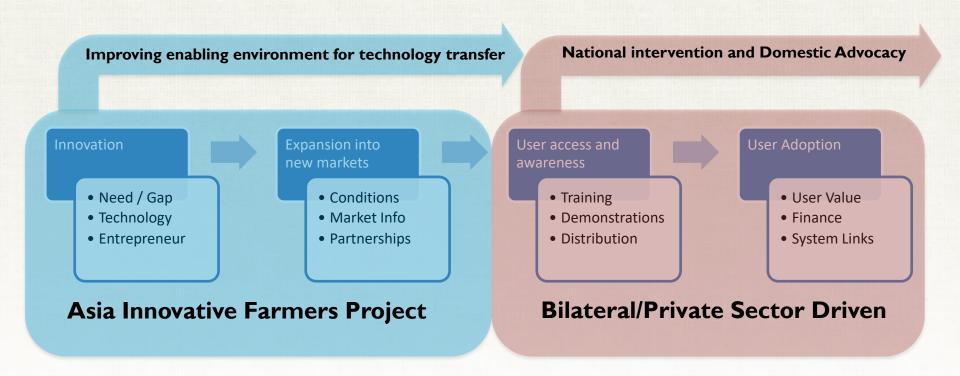
But...

- Focal country markets are risky
- Market information is poor
- Companies have limited bandwidth
- Unnecessary policy barriers persist





Technology Transfer Chain & Enabling Environment





This Year

- Regional Innovation Summit- reps from 73 organizations, 18 countries, over 50% private sector
- Commercializing 6 technologies
- Nepal Summit ~130 people
- Cambodia Summit at end of Sept.
- Bangladesh Summit-TBD
- Policy work starting Q1, FY17

FUTURE

- Innovation summits annually
- 6 more technologies will be selected and commercialized by 2020
- Regional Innovation Hub at KU

